

114TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 2325

To require the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, to establish a constituent-driven program to provide a digital information platform capable of efficiently integrating coastal data with decision-support tools, training, and best practices and to support collection of priority coastal geospatial data to inform and improve local, State, regional, and Federal capacities to manage the coastal region, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

NOVEMBER 19, 2015

Ms. BALDWIN (for herself and Ms. MURKOWSKI) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

To require the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, to establish a constituent-driven program to provide a digital information platform capable of efficiently integrating coastal data with decision-support tools, training, and best practices and to support collection of priority coastal geospatial data to inform and improve local, State, regional, and Federal capacities to manage the coastal region, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “Digital Coast Act of
3 2015”.

4 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

5 Congress makes the following findings:

6 (1) The Digital Coast is a model approach for
7 effective Federal partnerships with State and local
8 government, nongovernmental organizations, and the
9 private sector.

10 (2) Access to current, accurate, uniform, and
11 standards-based geospatial information, tools, and
12 training to characterize the United States coastal re-
13 gion is critical for public safety and for the environ-
14 ment, infrastructure, and economy of the United
15 States.

16 (3) More than half of all people of the United
17 States (153,000,000) currently live on or near a
18 coast and an additional 12,000,000 are expected in
19 the next decade.

20 (4) Coastal counties in the United States aver-
21 age 300 persons per square mile, compared with the
22 national average of 98.

23 (5) On a typical day, more than 1,540 permits
24 for construction of single-family homes are issued in
25 coastal counties, combined with other commercial,

1 retail, and institutional construction to support this
2 population.

3 (6) Over half of the economic productivity of
4 the United States is located within coastal regions.

5 (7) Highly accurate, high-resolution remote
6 sensing and other geospatial data play an increasing-
7 ly important role in decisionmaking and manage-
8 ment of the coastal zone and economy, including
9 for—

10 (A) flood and coastal storm surge pre-
11 diction;

12 (B) hazard risk and vulnerability assess-
13 ment;

14 (C) emergency response and recovery plan-
15 ning;

16 (D) community resilience to longer range
17 coastal change;

18 (E) local planning and permitting;

19 (F) habitat and ecosystem health assess-
20 ments; and

21 (G) landscape change detection.

22 **SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.**

23 In this Act:

24 (1) COASTAL REGION.—The term “coastal re-
25 gion” means the area of United States waters ex-

1 tending inland from the shoreline to include coastal
2 watersheds and seaward to the territorial sea.

3 (2) COASTAL STATE.—The term “coastal
4 State” has the meaning given the term “coastal
5 state” in section 34 of the Coastal Zone Manage-
6 ment Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1453).

7 (3) FEDERAL GEOGRAPHIC DATA COM-
8 MITTEE.—The term “Federal Geographic Data
9 Committee” means the interagency committee that
10 promotes the coordinated development, use, sharing,
11 and dissemination of geospatial data on a national
12 basis.

13 (4) REMOTE SENSING AND OTHER
14 GEOSPATIAL.—The term “remote sensing and other
15 geospatial” means collecting, storing, retrieving, or
16 disseminating graphical or digital data depicting
17 natural or manmade physical features, phenomena,
18 or boundaries of the Earth and any information re-
19 lated thereto, including surveys, maps, charts, sat-
20 ellite and airborne remote sensing data, images,
21 LiDAR, and services performed by professionals
22 such as surveyors, photogrammetrists, hydrog-
23 raphers, geodesists, cartographers, and other such
24 services.

1 (5) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means
2 the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Ad-
3 ministrator of the National Oceanic and Atmos-
4 pheric Administration.

5 **SEC. 4. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE DIGITAL COAST.**

6 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—

7 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish
8 a program for the provision of an enabling platform
9 that integrates geospatial data, decision-support
10 tools, training, and best practices to address coastal
11 management issues and needs. Under the program,
12 the Secretary shall strive to enhance resilient com-
13 munities, ecosystem values, and coastal economic
14 growth and development by helping communities ad-
15 dress their issues, needs, and challenges through
16 cost-effective and participatory solutions.

17 (2) DESIGNATION.—The program established
18 under paragraph (1) shall be known as the “Digital
19 Coast” (in this section referred to as the “pro-
20 gram”).

21 (b) PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out the
22 program, the Secretary shall ensure that the program pro-
23 vides data integration, tool development, training, docu-
24 mentation, dissemination, and archive by—

(2) developing decision-support tools that use
and display resulting integrated data and provide
training on use of such tools;

(3) documenting such data to Federal Geographic Data Committee standards; and

18 (c) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall coordinate
19 the activities carried out under the program to optimize
20 data collection, sharing and integration, and to minimize
21 duplication by—

(D) the private sector; and

(4) coordinating with, seeking assistance and cooperation of, and providing liaison to the Federal Geographic Data Committee pursuant to Office of Management and Budget Circular A-16 and Executive Order 12906 of April 14, 1994 (59 Fed. Reg. 17671), as amended by Executive Order 13286 of March 5, 2003 (68 Fed. Reg. 10619).

9 (d) FILLING NEEDS AND GAPS.—In carrying out the
10 program, the Secretary shall—

11 (1) maximize the use of remote sensing and
12 other geospatial data collection activities conducted
13 for other purposes and under other authorities;

1 tribal, State, and local governmental and
2 nongovernmental entities; and

3 (iii) registration fees in support of
4 training, workshops, and conferences that
5 advance the purposes of the program; and

6 (B) shall enter into such contracts with
7 private sector entities for such products and
8 services as the Secretary determines may be
9 necessary to collect, process, and provide re-
10 mote sensing and other geospatial data and
11 products for purposes of the program.

12 (2) SURVEY AND MAPPING.—Contracts entered
13 into under paragraph (1)(B) shall be considered
14 “surveying and mapping” services as such term is
15 used in and as such contracts are awarded by the
16 Secretary in accordance with the selection proce-
17 dures in chapter 11 of title 40, United States Code.

18 (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
19 authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary such sums
20 as may be necessary to carry out the program in each of
21 fiscal years 2016 through 2020.

