

114TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 5111

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

SEPTEMBER 13, 2016

Received

AN ACT

To prohibit the use of certain clauses in form contracts that restrict the ability of a consumer to communicate regarding the goods or services offered in interstate commerce that were the subject of the contract, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “Consumer Review
3 Fairness Act of 2016”.

4 **SEC. 2. CONSUMER REVIEW PROTECTION.**

5 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

6 (1) COMMISSION.—The term “Commission”
7 means the Federal Trade Commission.

8 (2) COVERED COMMUNICATION.—The term
9 “covered communication” means a written, oral, or
10 pictorial review, performance assessment of, or other
11 similar analysis of, including by electronic means,
12 the goods, services, or conduct of a person by an in-
13 dividual who is party to a form contract with respect
14 to which such person is also a party.

15 (3) FORM CONTRACT.—

16 (A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
17 subparagraph (B), the term “form contract”
18 means a contract with standardized terms—

19 (i) used by a person in the course of
20 selling or leasing the person’s goods or
21 services; and

22 (ii) imposed on an individual without
23 a meaningful opportunity for such indi-
24 vidual to negotiate the standardized terms.

(B) EXCEPTION.—The term “form contract” does not include an employer-employee or independent contractor contract.

(4) PICTORIAL.—The term “pictorial” includes pictures, photographs, video, illustrations, and symbols.

7 (b) INVALIDITY OF CONTRACTS THAT IMPEDE CON-
8 SUMER REVIEWS.—

(B) imposes a penalty or fee against an individual who is a party to the form contract for engaging in a covered communication; or

19 (C) transfers or requires an individual who
20 is a party to the form contract to transfer to
21 any person any intellectual property rights in
22 review or feedback content, with the exception
23 of a non-exclusive license to use the content,
24 that the individual may have in any otherwise
25 lawful covered communication about such per-

1 son or the goods or services provided by such
2 person.

3 (2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in
4 paragraph (1) shall be construed to affect—

5 (A) any duty of confidentiality imposed by
6 law (including agency guidance);

7 (B) any civil cause of action for defama-
8 tion, libel, or slander, or any similar cause of
9 action;

10 (C) any party's right to remove or refuse
11 to display publicly on an Internet website or
12 webpage owned, operated, or otherwise con-
13 trolled by such party any content of a covered
14 communication that—

15 (i) contains the personal information
16 or likeness of another person, or is libel-
17 ous, harassing, abusive, obscene, vulgar,
18 sexually explicit, or is inappropriate with
19 respect to race, gender, sexuality, ethnicity,
20 or other intrinsic characteristic;

21 (ii) is unrelated to the goods or serv-
22 ices offered by or available at such party's
23 Internet website or webpage; or

24 (iii) is clearly false or misleading; or

(D) a party's right to establish terms and conditions with respect to the creation of photographs or video of such party's property when those photographs or video are created by an employee or independent contractor of a commercial entity and solely intended for commercial purposes by that entity.

(A) trade secrets or commercial or financial information obtained from a person and considered privileged or confidential;

20 (C) records or information compiled for
21 law enforcement purposes, the disclosure of
22 which would constitute a clearly unwarranted
23 invasion of personal privacy;

24 (D) content that is unlawful or otherwise
25 meets the requirements of paragraph (2)(C); or

(E) content that contains any computer viruses, worms, or other potentially damaging computer code, processes, programs, applications, or files.

(c) PROHIBITION.—It shall be unlawful for a person to offer a form contract containing a provision described as void in subsection (b).

8 (d) ENFORCEMENT BY COMMISSION.—

18 (2) POWERS OF COMMISSION.—

(B) PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES.—Any person who violates this section shall be subject to the penalties and entitled to the privileges and immunities provided in the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.).

6 (e) ENFORCEMENT BY STATES.—

20 (A) NOTICE TO FEDERAL TRADE COMMIS-
21 SION.—

1 bring a civil action under paragraph (1)
2 before initiating the civil action against a
3 person described in subsection (d)(1).

4 (ii) CONTENTS.—The notification re-
5 quired by clause (i) with respect to a civil
6 action shall include a copy of the complaint
7 to be filed to initiate the civil action.

8 (iii) EXCEPTION.—If it is not feasible
9 for the attorney general of a State to pro-
10 vide the notification required by clause (i)
11 before initiating a civil action under para-
12 graph (1), the attorney general shall notify
13 the Commission immediately upon insti-
14 tuting the civil action.

15 (B) INTERVENTION BY FEDERAL TRADE
16 COMMISSION.—The Commission may—

17 (i) intervene in any civil action
18 brought by the attorney general of a State
19 under paragraph (1) against a person de-
20 scribed in subsection (d)(1); and

21 (ii) upon intervening—

22 (I) be heard on all matters aris-
23 ing in the civil action; and

24 (II) file petitions for appeal of a
25 decision in the civil action.

1 (3) INVESTIGATORY POWERS.—Nothing in this
2 subsection may be construed to prevent the attorney
3 general of a State from exercising the powers con-
4 ferred on the attorney general by the laws of the
5 State to conduct investigations, to administer oaths
6 or affirmations, or to compel the attendance of wit-
7 nesses or the production of documentary or other
8 evidence.

9 (4) PREEMPTIVE ACTION BY FEDERAL TRADE
10 COMMISSION.—If the Federal Trade Commission in-
11 stitutes a civil action or an administrative action
12 with respect to a violation of subsection (c), the at-
13 torney general of a State may not, during the pend-
14 ency of such action, bring a civil action under para-
15 graph (1) against any defendant named in the com-
16 plaint of the Commission for the violation with re-
17 spect to which the Commission instituted such ac-
18 tion.

19 (5) VENUE; SERVICE OF PROCESS.—

20 (A) VENUE.—Any action brought under
21 paragraph (1) may be brought in—

22 (i) the district court of the United
23 States that meets applicable requirements
24 relating to venue under section 1391 of
25 title 28, United States Code; or

(B) SERVICE OF PROCESS.—In an action brought under paragraph (1), process may be served in any district in which the defendant—

6 (i) is an inhabitant; or
7 (ii) may be found.

8 (6) ACTIONS BY OTHER STATE OFFICIALS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—In addition to civil actions brought by attorneys general under paragraph (1), any other consumer protection officer of a State who is authorized by the State to do so may bring a civil action under paragraph (1), subject to the same requirements and limitations that apply under this subsection to civil actions brought by attorneys general.

23 (f) EDUCATION AND OUTREACH FOR BUSINESSES.—
24 Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment
25 of this Act, the Commission shall commence conducting

1 education and outreach that provides businesses with non-
2 binding best practices for compliance with this Act.

3 (g) RELATION TO STATE CAUSES OF ACTION.—
4 Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect any
5 cause of action brought by a person that exists or may
6 exist under State law.

7 (h) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this section
8 shall be construed to limit, impair, or supersede the oper-
9 ation of the Federal Trade Commission Act or any other
10 provision of Federal law.

11 (i) EFFECTIVE DATES.—This section shall take ef-
12 fect on the date of the enactment of this Act, except
13 that—

14 (1) subsections (b) and (c) shall apply with re-
15 spect to contracts in effect on or after the date that
16 is 90 days after the date of the enactment of this
17 Act; and

18 (2) subsections (d) and (e) shall apply with re-
19 spect to contracts in effect on or after the date that
20 is 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Passed the House of Representatives September 12,
2016.

Attest:

KAREN L. HAAS,

Clerk.