



Klobuchar-Thune Substitute

AMENDMENT NO. _____ Calendar No. _____

Purpose: In the nature of a substitute.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES—118th Cong., 1st Sess.

S. 2201

To increase knowledge and awareness of best practices to reduce cybersecurity risks in the United States.

Referred to the Committee on _____ and ordered to be printed

Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE intended to be proposed by Ms. KLOBUCHAR

Viz:

1 Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:
2

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “American Cybersecurity Literacy Act”.
5

6 **SEC. 2. CYBERSECURITY LITERACY CAMPAIGN.**

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology shall, in consultation
8 with the Director of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency, develop and conduct a cybersecurity literacy
9 campaign described in subsection (b), which the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Tech-
10
11
12

1 nology shall make available in multiple languages and for-
2 mats, if practicable, to increase the knowledge and aware-
3 ness of citizens of the United States of best practices to
4 reduce cybersecurity risks.

5 (b) ELEMENTS.—In carrying out subsection (a), the
6 Director of the National Institute of Science and Tech-
7 nology, in consultation with the Director of the Cybersecu-
8 rity and Infrastructure Security Agency, shall—

9 (1) educate citizens of the United States with
10 respect to how to prevent and mitigate a cyberattack
11 or cybersecurity risk, including by—

12 (A) instructing citizens of the United
13 States with respect to how to identify—

14 (i) a phishing email or message; and

15 (ii) a secure website;

16 (B) instructing citizens of the United
17 States about the benefits of changing default
18 passwords on any hardware or software tech-
19 nology;

20 (C) encouraging the use of cybersecurity
21 tools, including—

22 (i) multi-factor authentication;

23 (ii) a complex password;

24 (iii) anti-virus software;

1 (iv) patching or updating software
2 and applications; and

3 (v) a virtual private network;

4 (D) identifying a device that could pose
5 possible cybersecurity risks, including—

6 (i) a personal computer;

7 (ii) a smartphone;

8 (iii) a tablet;

9 (iv) a Wi-Fi router;

10 (v) a smart home appliance;

11 (vi) a webcam;

12 (vii) an internet-connected monitor; or

13 (viii) any other device that can be con-
14 nected to the internet, including any mo-
15 bile device other than a smartphone or tab-
16 let;

17 (E) encouraging citizens of the United
18 States to—

19 (i) regularly review mobile application
20 permissions;

21 (ii) decline any privilege request from
22 a mobile application that is unnecessary;

23 (iii) download an application only
24 from a trusted vendor or source; and

1 (iv) consider the life cycle of a product
2 and the commitment of a developer to pro-
3 viding security updates during the expected
4 period of use of a connected device; and

5 (F) identifying any potential cybersecurity
6 risk related to using a publicly available Wi-Fi
7 network and any method a user may use to
8 limit such risks; and

9 (2) encourage citizens of the United States to
10 use any resource that is developed as a result of this
11 literacy campaign to help mitigate the cybersecurity
12 risks described in this subsection.